## ALBOLIC ACID, A NEW SESTERTERPENIC ACID ISOLATED FROM INSECT WAX\* Tirso Ríos and F. Gómez G.

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Ceroplastol (I) is a novel sesterterpenic alcohol isolated from insect wax <u>Ceroplastes</u> albolineatus. <sup>1</sup> Its molecular structure and absolute configuration have been determined by X ray crystallographic analysis of the 4-p-bromobenzoate. <sup>2</sup> In our study on the acidic fraction of the insect wax of <u>Ceroplastes albolineatus</u> we isolated ceroplasteric acid <sup>2</sup> (Ia), together with a new sesterterpenic acid which was called albolic acid (II).

Albolic acid (II),  $\left[\alpha\right]_{D}$  139 (c, 0.42, CHCl<sub>a</sub>) showed infrared absorption at 2850, 1640 and 925 cm<sup>-1</sup>;  $\lambda_{max}^{hexane}$  211 m $\mu$ , (e, 19,809).

The nmr spectrum\*\* of albolic acid showed the following signals: at 0.70 (s) and 0.80 (d, J = 6.5 cps) for the  $C_{11}$ ,  $C_{15}$  methyl groups; at 1.60 (s), 1.66 (s) and 1.86 (s) due to the vinylic methyl groups at  $C_3$ ,  $C_7$  and  $C_{19}$ ; 3.65 (broad signal) for the  $C_6$  allylic proton and 5.41 ( $t_r$ , J = 8 cps) and 6.86 ( $t_r$ , J = 8 cps) due to the two olefinic protons at  $C_8$  and  $C_{16}$ .

The proposed structure II for albolic acid is supported by the following evidence as well as by biogenetical considerations. Ceroplasteric acid (Ia) was esterificated with diazomethane and after treatment of the methyl ester (Ib) with toluene-p-sulfonic acid in acetone, afforded the methyl ester (IIa),  $C_{26}H_{40}O_2$ ,  $\dagger$  [ $\alpha$ ]<sub>D</sub> 140, (c, 1.63, CHCl<sub>3</sub>), (M<sup>+</sup>, 384), showed IR absorption at 2860, 1710, 1640 and 860 cm<sup>-1</sup>;  $\lambda_{max}^{EtOH}$  210 m $\mu$  (c, 19845).

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<sup>\*\*</sup> Chemical shifts are given in δ values relative to tetramethylsilane.

<sup>+</sup>Correct elemental analysis has been obtained for this compound.

The nmr spectrum of methyl ester IIa showed the following signals: at 0.70 (s) and 0.80 (d, J = 6.5 cps) for the  $C_{11}$ ,  $C_{15}$  methyl groups; at 1.66 (s) and 1.86 (s) due to the vinylic methyl groups at  $C_3$ ,  $C_7$  and  $C_{19}$ ; 3.66 for the methoxyl group and  $C_8$  allylic proton and 5.40 ( $t_T$ , J = 8 cps) and 6.67 ( $t_T$ , J = 8 cps) due to the two olefinic protons at  $C_8$  and  $C_{18}$ .

The compound IIa was identical to an authentic sample of albolic acid methyl ester by IR and nmr spectral comparison. An authentic sample of albolic acid methyl ester was prepared by esterification of the acid with diazomethane.

I,  $R = CH_2OH$ 

Ia,  $R = CO_2H$ 

Ib,  $R = CO_2Me$ 

## CO<sub>2</sub>F

H, R = H

IIa, R = Me

## REFERENCES

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